# The Curticulum

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Tim

## Grade 4 (Age 9)

#### WRITING

| Category                   | C.C. Reference  | Standard  | Night Zookeeper Reference  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Text Types and<br>Purposes | LITERACY.W.4.1: Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| r urposes                  | LITERACY.W.4.1.A  | Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose.                             | NZK.G4.S16<br>NZK.G4.S6<br>NZK.AP14  |  |  |  |  |
|                            | LITERACY.W.4.1.B  | Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.  | NZK.G4.S16<br>NZK.G4.S6<br>NZK.AP14  |  |  |  |  |
|                            | LITERACY.W.4.1.C  | Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., <i>for instance, in order to, in addition</i> ).  | NZK.G4.S16<br>NZK.G4.S6<br>NZK.AP14<br>NZK.AP13                            |  |  |  |  |
|                            | LITERACY.W.4.1.D  | Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.   | NZK.G4.S16   |  |  |  |  |
|                            | LITERACY.W.4.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|                            | LITERACY.W.4.2.A  | Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. | NZK.G4.S10<br>NZK.G4.S1<br>NZK.G4.S11<br>NZK.G4.S12<br>NZK.AP11<br>NZK.AP9 |  |  |  |  |
|                            | LITERACY.W.4.2.B  | Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.  | NZK.G4.S10<br>NZK.G4.S11<br>NZK.G4.S12<br>NZK.AP11<br>NZK.AP9<br>NZK.AP12  |  |  |  |  |
|                            | LITERACY.W.4.2.C  | Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., <i>another, for example, also, because</i> ).  | NZK.G4.S10<br>NZK.G4.S1  |  |  |  |  |

|  | LITERACY.W.4.2.D                                  | Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.  | NZK.G4.S10<br>NZK.AP9   |
|--|---|--|---|
|  | LITERACY.W.4.2.E                                  | Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.   | NZK.G4.S10  |
|  | LITERACY.W.4.3: Write r<br>clear event sequences. | narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective tecl  | hnique, descriptive details, and  |
|  | LITERACY.W.4.3.A                                  | Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.   | NZK.G4.S14<br>NZK.G4.S2<br>NZK.G4.C54<br>NZK.AP6<br>NZK.AP1   |
|  | LITERACY.W.4.3.B                                  | Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.  | NZK.G4.S8<br>NZK.G4.S14<br>NZK.G4.S2<br>NZK.AP8   |
|  | LITERACY.W.4.3.C                                  | Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events.  | <u>NZK.G4.S7</u>  |
|  | LITERACY.W.4.3.D                                  | Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.   | NZK.G4.S2<br>NZK.AP3<br>NZK.AP6   |
|  | LITERACY.W.4.3.E                                  | Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.   | NZK.G4.S7   |
| Production and<br>Distribution of<br>Writing | LITERACY.W.4.4                                    | Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and<br>organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.<br>(Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3<br>above.)                      | All lesson series provide the user<br>with guidance and support to<br>develop writing that is appropriate<br>to task and purpose. |
|  | LITERACY.W.4.5                                    | With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 4 here.) | NZK.G4.G8   |
|  | LITERACY.W.4.6                                    | With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and  | Users can choose to publish their<br>work privately or publicly. Users<br>can leave positive comments on                          |

|                          |   | collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.   | each other's work and collaborate<br>on projects.<br><u>NZK.G4.G4</u> |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Research to<br>Build and | LITERACY.W.4.7  | Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.  | NZK.AP11  |  |  |  |  |
| Present<br>Knowledge     | LITERACY.W.4.8  | Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.  | NZK.G4.S11<br>NZK.G4.S12  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | LITERACY.W.4.9: Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. |  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                          | LITERACY.W.4.9.A  | Apply <i>grade 4 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions]."). | NZK.G4.S2<br>NZK.G4.S14<br>NZK.AP6                                    |  |  |  |  |
|                          | LITERACY.W.4.9.B  | Apply <i>grade 4 Reading standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text").  | NZK.G4.S16  |  |  |  |  |
| Range of<br>Writing      | LITERACY.W.4.10   | Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.            | Writing tasks vary in length and purpose.                             |  |  |  |  |

#### LANGUAGE

| Category                           | C.C. Reference   | Standard   | Night Zookeeper<br>Reference  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Conventions of<br>Standard English | LITERACY.L.4.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.             |  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.1.A   | Use relative pronouns ( <i>who, whose, whom, which, that</i> ) and relative adverbs ( <i>where, when, why</i> ).                         | Students are challenged<br>to use these skills whilst<br>creating reports about<br>their magical animals. |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.1.B   | Form and use the progressive (e.g., <i>I was walking; I am walking; I will be walking</i> ) verb tenses.                                 | NZK.G4.S7<br>NZK.AP2  |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.1.C   | Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., <i>can, may, must</i> ) to convey various conditions.   | Coming soon<br>September 2021   |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.1.D   | Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., <i>a small red bag</i> rather than <i>a red small bag</i> ). | Coming soon<br>September 2021   |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.1.E   | Form and use prepositional phrases.  | <u>NZK.G4.S2</u>  |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.1.F   | Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.*   | <u>NZK.G4.G5</u>  |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.1.G   | Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their).*   | <u>NZK.G4.S3</u>  |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.2: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. |  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.2.A   | Use correct capitalization.  | <u>NZK.G4.C2</u>  |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.2.B   | Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.   | NZK.AP2   |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.2.C   | Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.  | Coming Soon<br>September 2021   |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | LITERACY.L.4.2.D   | Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.  | NZK.G4.C12<br>NZK.G4.C11<br>NZK.G4.C10<br>NZK.G4.C19<br>NZK.G4.G1<br>NZK.G4.G3<br>NZK.G4.G6<br>NZK.AP1    |  |  |  |  |

| Knowledge of                         | LITERACY.L.4.3: Use   | e knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening   | <u>j</u> .   |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Language                             | LITERACY.L.4.3.A  | Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.   | NZK.G4.S2<br>NZK.G4.S14  |  |  |  |
|                                      | LITERACY.L.4.3.B  | Choose punctuation for effect.  | NZK.G4.S6  |  |  |  |
|                                      | LITERACY.L.4.3.C  | Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion).                               | NZK.G4.S13   |  |  |  |
| Vocabulary<br>Acquisition and<br>Use |   | ermine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases base<br>kibly from a range of strategies.   | ed on grade 4 reading and  |  |  |  |
| Use                                  | LITERACY.L.4.4.A  | Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  | NZK.G4.C24   |  |  |  |
|                                      | LITERACY.L.4.4.B  | Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>telegraph, photograph, autograph</i> ).   | NZK.G4.C13<br>NZK.G4.C14<br>NZK.G4.C15<br>NZK.G4.C16<br>NZK.G4.C17<br>NZK.G4.C18<br>NZK.G4.C20<br>NZK.G4.C25<br>NZK.G4.C25<br>NZK.G4.C26<br>NZK.G4.C27 |  |  |  |
|                                      | LITERACY.L.4.4.C  | Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print<br>and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of<br>key words and phrases. | Students are given<br>feedback and<br>encouraged to check a<br>thesaurus to uplevel their<br>vocabulary.   |  |  |  |
|                                      | LITERACY.L.4.5: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. |   |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | LITERACY.L.4.5.A  | Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., <i>as pretty as a picture</i> ) in context.  | <u>NZK.G4.S9</u>   |  |  |  |
|                                      | LITERACY.L.4.5.B  | Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.   | Coming Soon<br>November 2021   |  |  |  |
|                                      | LITERACY.L.4.5.C  | Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).  | NZK.G4.C21<br>NZK.G4.C22<br>NZK.G4.C30<br>NZK.G4.C31   |  |  |  |

|                |  | NZK.G4.G2<br>NZK.G4.G9<br>NZK.G4.G10<br>NZK.G4.G11<br>NZK.G4.G12 |
|----------------|--|--|
| LITERACY.L.4.6 | Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., <i>wildlife, conservation,</i> and <i>endangered</i> when discussing animal preservation). |  |

#### Night Zookeeper Lesson Content

| NZK Ref.  | Series Name   | Learning Goals  | Text Type                      | Key Vocabulary  | Learning Outcome   |
|-----------|---|---|--------------------------------|---|--|
| NZK.G4.S1 | Igloo City<br>Instructions                          | <ul> <li>Use imperative verbs in instructions.</li> <li>Use adverbs of time.</li> <li>Use adverbs to add description to verbs.</li> <li>Use verbs correctly.</li> <li>Use common adjectives.</li> </ul>   | Instructions                   | sketch, spread, draw, write, consider, add,<br>carefully, neatly, correctly, precisely, before<br>long, immediately, after a while, ultimately,<br>before, eventually, initially, slippery,<br>alternative, sturdy, steaming, important,<br>extreme, slowly, quickly, hurriedly,<br>thoughtfully, neatly, wildly, freely, gracefully,<br>quietly, sweetly, loudly, large, steaming,<br>bright, funny, velvety, quiet, warm  | To write instructional texts using imperative verbs.         |
| NZK.G4.S2 | Building<br>Tension with<br>the Sea Lion<br>General | <ul> <li>Identify tension and use it in a story.</li> <li>Use adjectives to describe settings.</li> <li>Use short sentences to build<br/>tension.</li> <li>Use verbs in sentences</li> <li>Use adjectives to describe people or<br/>animals.</li> <li>Use frequently occurring action<br/>verbs.</li> <li>Use common prepositions.</li> <li>Use frequently occurring<br/>conjunctions.</li> </ul> | Narrative                      | bubbling, cracking, howling, rattling,<br>thumping, salty, fruity, bitter, sour, nutty,<br>citrusy, acrid, pungent, earthy, smooth,<br>rough, sharp, slimy, after, whenever, until,<br>since, whereas,<br>Oh no! He can't swim! She's under! I'm<br>coming!<br>He's disappeared! Help! I'm going in! Hold<br>this!<br>tossed, churned, smashed, hurled, whirled,<br>torrential (rain), disorientating (fog), howling<br>(wind), ferocious (storm), dusky (shadows),<br>hopeless, exhausted, defeated<br>skidded, slid<br>howled, whispered, screamed, drummed,<br>hammered, ran,reached, wrapped, crept,<br>chased, danced, threatened,<br>In the middle of the night, Before he could<br>reach his friend, All of a sudden, In the depth<br>of the night, When the moon was high in the<br>sky, Before the time ran out, Just as time<br>was running out | To write narratives that<br>build suspense and<br>tension.   |
| NZK.G4.S3 | Electro Spike<br>Spelling                           | <ul> <li>Spell words with the suffix -able and<br/>-ible.</li> <li>Vocabulary definition practice</li> <li>Vocabulary definition practice</li> <li>Using homophones and other words<br/>that are often confused.</li> </ul>   | Narrative,<br>Report,<br>Diary | replace, replaceable, wash, washable,<br>notice, noticeable, change, changeable,<br>knowledge, knowledgeable, autograph,<br>paragraph, biography, choreograph,<br>telegraph, geography, photograph,<br>photocopy, photojournalist, photosynthesis,<br>photometer, to, too, two, isle, aisle, assent,<br>ascent, dissent, descent  | To write a story<br>including specific<br>spelling patterns. |

| NZK.G4.S4 | Poetry with<br>Riya             | <ul> <li>Identify rhyming words to create a poem in alternate rhyme.</li> <li>Identify rhyming words.</li> <li>Identify adverbs and create a poem.</li> <li>Identify rhyming words to create a limerick.</li> <li>Use the collective noun for giraffes.</li> </ul>                    | Poetry     | creative, wonderful, inventive, fearless,<br>magical, roar, snore, alight, delight, song,<br>gong, beak, peak, nightingale, tale, night,<br>light, kind, find, whale, tail, lazily, excitedly,<br>clumsily, brightly, carefully, quickly, quietly,<br>angrily, bee, flee, jam, lamb, ben, ten, stone,<br>bone, tower, tall, roaming, wild, fleeting, long,<br>wobbly, elegant, huge   | To write poems using<br>rhyming words.<br>To write a poem using<br>a specific rhyming<br>scheme.<br>To write an acrostic<br>poem.   |
|-----------|---------------------------------|---|------------|---|---|
| NZK.G4.S5 | Wonderful<br>Words With<br>Will | <ul> <li>Use proper and common nouns.</li> <li>Use adjectives to describe characters.</li> <li>Use verbs to describe actions.</li> <li>Use adverbs to describe actions.</li> <li>Use words to express dialogue.</li> </ul>  | Narrative  | flashlight, hat, shorts, jacket, Riya, Will, boy,<br>girl, Sam, blue, small, red, shoes, tie,<br>scrambled, clambered, leapt, vaulted,<br>dashed, galloped, barrelled, loyal,<br>trustworthy, creative, kind-hearted, quickly,<br>slowly, loudly, quietly, incredibly, declared,<br>asked, whispered, replied, suggested,<br>advised, proposed, recommended, muttered,<br>squeaked, challenged, enquired, responded,<br>acknowledged  | To write a detailed<br>character description.<br>To write a story<br>featuring specific<br>characters.  |
| NZK.G4.S6 | The<br>Persuasive<br>Professor  | <ul> <li>Use exclamations and questions to write persuasively.</li> <li>Use linking words.</li> <li>Identify and use stats, facts and statistics.</li> <li>Identify and use conditional words.</li> <li>Use powerful adjectives.</li> </ul>   | Persuasive | eccentric, expert, teacher, guide, brave<br>invisibility, super strength/speed<br>In my opinion<br>I believe<br>It is my view<br>I would say<br>Time: meanwhile, firstly, finally, then;<br>Cause and effect: because, so that,<br>therefore;<br>Difference: although, but, however;<br>Adding information: and, also, furthermore<br>Conditional words: if - would, will - because,<br>once - will, if - then<br>Powerful adjectives: critical, worthwhile,<br>prohibited, unquestionable, qualified | To write a persuasive<br>text using facts and<br>opinions.<br>To write a letter from<br>the point of view of a<br>story character.<br>To write a persuasive<br>text using powerful<br>adjectives. |
| NZK.G4.S7 | Sam's Story<br>Writing          | <ul> <li>Use facts to describe characters.</li> <li>Identify and use adverbs.</li> <li>Identify and use contractions.</li> <li>Be able to use past tense verbs.</li> <li>Be able to use adverbials.</li> <li>Be able to use lists.</li> <li>Identify and use proper nouns.</li> </ul> | Narrative  | Invisible, mischief, carefree, clumsy,<br>Dangerous - dangerously<br>Courageous - courageously<br>Slow - slowly<br>Careful - carefully,<br>They're - they are<br>Couldn't - could not   | To write a description<br>of a character.<br>To write a story<br>including great<br>character descriptions.   |

|            |   |  |              | Should've - should have<br>Can't - can not<br>I'm - I am<br>I've - I have<br>Shouldn't - should not<br>Wouldn't - would not<br>Doesn't - does not,<br>Hide - hid<br>see - saw<br>fight - fought<br>run - ran<br>feel - felt,<br>time - firstly, next, soon<br>place - underneath, nearby, here,<br>invisible, mischief, carefree, clumsy<br>(explained),<br>proper nouns, New York, Lego |   |
|------------|---|--|--------------|--|---|
| NZK.G4.S8  | Dialogue With<br>Grudge                 | <ul> <li>Understand what dialogue is.</li> <li>Use names and reporting clauses in dialogue.</li> <li>Use verbs to describe the dialogue of characters.</li> <li>Be able to use punctuation correctly when writing dialogue.</li> <li>Use adverbs to describe characters using dialogue.</li> </ul> | Narrative    | Reporting clauses - excitedly, growled,<br>bitterly, warned, shouted,<br>roared, shouted, cried, giggled, cheered,<br>chuckled, sobbed, groaned, blubbered,<br>quietly, angrily, lazily  | To write a story using dialogue and a range of speech verbs.  |
| NZK.G4.S9  | Figurative<br>Language<br>with Florence | <ul> <li>Understand and create similes.</li> <li>Understand and create metaphors.</li> <li>Understand and create sentences<br/>using personification.</li> <li>Use and write a poem using<br/>onomatopoeia.</li> </ul>   | Narrative    | Like, as, moon, pearl, sky<br>classroom - zoo, desert - furnace, wind<br>whispered, moon played, alarm clock yelled,<br>zoom, whoosh, rumble, croak, plop, buzz,<br>flutter, pitter-patter, clip-clop  | To write poetry and stories using figurative language.  |
| NZK.G4.S10 | Bertie's<br>Explanations                | <ul> <li>Use how and why questions.</li> <li>Write step by step sequences using linking words for time and sequence.</li> <li>Use facts to create explanations.</li> <li>Learn about the life cycle of a butterfly to write an explanation.</li> </ul>   | Explanations | Because, therefore, so that, as a result,<br>firstly, finally, then, continue, each time, after<br>a while, nectar, hive, hexagonal, honeycomb,<br>fanning, wax, illustration, life cycle, egg,<br>caterpillar, cocoon (pupa/chrysalis), hatch<br>propolis, wax, saliva, hexagonal, honeycomb  | To write an explanation<br>text using sequential<br>points.<br>To write an explanation<br>about the life cycle of a<br>butterfly. |
| NZK.G4.S11 | Writing<br>Animal<br>Reports 2          | <ul> <li>Use facts to write a story.</li> <li>Use facts to write a report.</li> <li>Use facts to write a newspaper<br/>article.</li> </ul>   | Reports      | Tall, herbivore, plants, leaves, tongue, acacia<br>tree, tower, Africa, savannas/savannahs,<br>ossicones, fast, flippers, camouflage, huddle,<br>marine mammals, flippers, snouts, field   | To learn facts about<br>animals.<br>To write reports based<br>on facts and  |

|            |                                       |   |   | mouse, nocturnal, complex underground<br>tunnels, tribe (troop), mountainous, mandrill,<br>baboon, spider monkey, flamboyance, lakes,<br>lagoons, plankton, shrimp, algae, seagrass,<br>crabs, clutch, hatchling, carnivore, shed,<br>venomous, venom, fangs, reptiles, scales,<br>cold-blooded, prey, forked, flexible   | knowledge acquired.   |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| NZK.G4.S12 | Writing<br>Animal<br>Reports          | - Use facts to write a report.<br>- Learn new animal facts.   | Reports,<br>Narrative                                       | Arctic, habitat, endangered, species, black<br>skin, carnivores, thick fur, food chain,<br>protecting, melting, camouflage, big cat, furry<br>manes, carnivore, Africa, pride, diet, hunt,<br>zebra, antelope, buffalo, species, Asia,<br>continent, grass, plants, fruit, land, habitat<br>loss, poaching, tusks, ivory, harvesting,<br>nectar, pollen, colonies, hives, honey, sense<br>of smell, five eyes, six legs         | To learn facts about<br>animals.<br>To write reports based<br>on facts and<br>knowledge acquired.   |
| NZK.G4.S13 | Monster Text<br>Types                 | <ul> <li>Use adjectives and nouns to describe characters and actions in stories.</li> <li>Use headings and sub-headings in reports.</li> <li>Answer questions based on a text.</li> <li>Use persuasive vocabulary to write articles.</li> </ul> | Narrative,<br>Letter,<br>Newspaper<br>Article,<br>Biography | Evil, enemy, aggressive, wonderful, hideous,<br>devious, cruel<br>gigantic, dreadful, fierce, monstrous<br>It is believed; It is thought; Many people<br>claim  | To write a report about<br>a character.<br>To write a letter in the<br>role of a character.<br>To write a news report<br>about a series of<br>events. |
| NZK.G4.S14 | Describing<br>Characters<br>with Maji | <ul> <li>Describe character appearance.</li> <li>Describe character personality.</li> <li>Describe character actions.</li> <li>Use different speech verbs.</li> <li>Describe character skills.</li> <li>Identify character motives.</li> </ul>  | Narrative,<br>Description                                   | Majestic, grand, smooth, beautiful, lengthy,<br>straight, interesting, curved, slim, pointy,<br>gentle, wise, knowledgeable, helpful,<br>supportive, mischievous, encouraging,<br>generous, confident, patient, glimpsed,<br>peeked, examined, warned, shouted,<br>exclaimed, whispered, demanded.  | Write stories including<br>great character<br>descriptions using<br>skills acquired<br>throughout the series.   |
| NZK.G4.S15 | The Night<br>Zookeeper<br>Show        | - Use and understand vocabulary about the Night Zoo.  | Report,<br>Narrative,<br>Letter writing,<br>Poetry          | Lord Nulth, Will, Riya, Void monster, The<br>Whispering Woods, Green Guardian, panda,<br>Monkey Mountain, volcano, Grand Master,<br>gong, Voids, shape-shifting, Campfire of<br>Creativity, stories, Guardian of Orange,<br>Endless Ocean, Grand Master, Gigantic<br>Garden, magical butterfly, Guardian of Red,<br>dance, Maji, orb, Guardian of Blue, bubbles,<br>Guardian of Grey/Gray, imagination, lonely,<br>colour/color | To write story<br>predictions.<br>To write letters from<br>the point of view of a<br>character.<br>To write poems about<br>characters in stories.     |

| NZK.G4.S16 | Ninja Leaf<br>Opinions | <ul> <li>Introduce an opinion text.</li> <li>Give reasons to support an opinion.</li> <li>Provide reasons that are supported<br/>by facts and details.</li> <li>Use linking words to join opinions<br/>and reasons.</li> <li>Include a concluding statement.</li> </ul> | Opinion<br>Writing | first, to start, to begin with, next, most<br>importantly, another reason, in addition<br>In my opinion, I think, I believe<br>safe, worried, exciting, quick<br>light, dark, important, urgent<br>for example, in addition, magical (entrance),<br>glowing (gates), giant (shapes), (leaves)<br>rustling, (strange) portal<br>because, therefore, since<br>in order to, consequently, specifically | To write opinion pieces<br>based on extracts from<br>Night Zookeeper texts.<br>To introduce an opinion<br>piece.<br>To give reasons for<br>their opinion, use<br>linking words, and<br>include a concluding<br>statement. |
|------------|------------------------|---|--------------------|---|---|
|------------|------------------------|---|--------------------|---|---|

### Night Zookeeper Skills Challenges

| NZK Ref.  | Learning Goal  | Challenge Example                                      | Learning Outcome  |
|-----------|--|--|---|
| NZK.G4.C1 | Use alliteration correctly - level 1   | Penguin Professor, smooth sand, beautiful<br>butterfly | To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.<br>To match the words to create<br>alliteration.   |
| NZK.G4.C2 | Capitalise holidays, product names, and geographic names.  | Easter, Lego, London                                   | To unscramble the jumbled up<br>sentence, ensuring that holiday,<br>product and location words are<br>capitalised.<br>To match the capitalised words to<br>create the place name. |
| NZK.G4.C3 | Use the past tense of common verbs that don't follow conjugation rules                               | sat, hid, told   | To complete the sentence with the correct verb.<br>To answer multiple choice questions on the subject correctly.  |
| NZK.G4.C4 | Use an apostrophe when describing something that belongs to multiple people                          | girls', boys'  | To find the word that is missing an<br>apostrophe in the sentence.<br>To write a sentence using an<br>apostrophe.   |
| NZK.G4.C5 | Use an apostrophe when describing something that belongs to a group of people shown by a single noun | children's, family's                                   | To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.<br>To pick out the group word in the<br>sentence.  |
| NZK.G4.C6 | Use commas in greetings and closings of letters  | Dear,, Sincerely,, Faithfully,                         | To correctly place commas in the opening of a letter.<br>To group together the openings and   |

|            |  |   | closings used in letters.  |
|------------|--|---|--|
| NZK.G4.C7  | Use collective nouns to describe a group of things or people                 | colony, swarm, choir                                      | To match the collective word to the<br>group of people or things it<br>represents.<br>To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly. |
| NZK.G4.C8  | Connect collective nouns with the group of animals they represent            | A flock of birds. , A herd of cattle. , A colony of ants. | To match each group of animals<br>with their collective word.<br>To identify collective nouns by their<br>definition.                                  |
| NZK.G4.C9  | Use and spell frequently occurring irregular plural nouns                    | feet, children, teeth                                     | To match the collective word with its singular form.<br>To answer multiple choice questions on the subject correctly.                                  |
| NZK.G4.C10 | Spell words that are often misspelt  | angel, casually, always                                   | To pick out the word that best<br>completes the sentence.<br>To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.                          |
| NZK.G4.C11 | Add suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words of more than one syllable | limit / limiting, garden / gardening                      | To match the words together that<br>share the same root word.<br>To complete the sentences using<br>the correct word.                                  |
| NZK.G4.C12 | Spell words where the /ɪ/ sound is spelt with a 'y'                          | myth, gym, Egypt  | To match the word with its<br>definition.<br>Spell words where the /ɪ/ sound is<br>spelt with a 'y' correctly.   |
| NZK.G4.C13 | Use prefixes that have negative meanings (un-, dis-, and mis-)               | disturbed, misunderstanding                               | To match words to their antonyms.<br>To complete the sentence with the<br>missing un- word!  |
| NZK.G4.C14 | Use the prefix re– to mean 'again' or 'back'                                 | redo, relocate, repeat                                    | To match the correct word to its definition.<br>To pick the re- word that best completes the sentence.   |

| NZK.G4.C15 | Use the prefix sub- to mean 'under'  | submarine, substitute              | To match the word to its definition.<br>To unscramble the mixed up<br>sentence that includes a sub- word.   |
|------------|--|------------------------------------|---|
| NZK.G4.C16 | Use the prefix super- to mean 'above'  | supermarket, supersonic, superstar | To unscramble the mixed up super-<br>word.<br>To write a sentence using the prefix<br>super- to mean 'above'.   |
| NZK.G4.C17 | Use the prefix anti- to mean 'against'   | antihero, antidote, antitoxic      | To write a sentence using the prefix<br>-anti.<br>To unscramble the mixed up<br>sentence that uses the -anti word.  |
| NZK.G4.C18 | Use the prefix auto- to mean 'self' or 'own'                                     | autopilot, autograph, automobile   | To group together all the words that<br>begin with '-auto'.<br>To unscramble the mixed up<br>sentence that uses '-auto'.                                  |
| NZK.G4.C19 | Spell words where the /k/ sound is spelled ch                                    | scheme, chorus, chemist            | To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.<br>To identify the correct 'ch' word that<br>represents the picture.                     |
| NZK.G4.C20 | Use word families based on common words  | solve, solution, insoluble         | To match the words that belong in<br>the same word family together.<br>To pick out words in the sentence<br>that belong to the same word family.          |
| NZK.G4.C21 | Tell the difference between closely related verbs and closely related adjectives | toss, throw, hurl                  | To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.<br>To group together all the closely<br>related verbs and closely related<br>adjectives. |
| NZK.G4.C22 | Tell the difference between closely related adjectives                           | thin, slender, skinny              | To group together all the closely<br>related adjectives.<br>To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.                              |

| NZK.G4.C23 | Use reflexive pronouns   | myself, ourselves  | To unscramble the mixed up<br>sentence containing the reflexive<br>pronoun.<br>To write a sentence using a<br>reflexive pronoun.  |
|------------|--|--|---|
| NZK.G4.C24 | Read whole sentences to understand the meaning of words                              | Sam was in a particularly jovial mood that day, he kept laughing and smiling all day long.                             | To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.<br>To pick the correct word by reading<br>the whole sentence.    |
| NZK.G4.C25 | When a prefix is added to a word, use the root word to understand the meaning of it  | happy / unhappy, tell / retell   | To match the longer, unfamiliar<br>word with its base word.<br>To unscramble the mixed up<br>unfamiliar word.                     |
| NZK.G4.C26 | Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root | addition, additional, adding   | To group together the words that<br>have the same root word.<br>To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.  |
| NZK.G4.C27 | Use knowledge of root words to predict the meaning of compound words                 | birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly / bookshelf,<br>notebook, bookmark   | To unscramble the mixed up<br>sentence that uses a compound<br>word.<br>To write a sentence using a<br>compound word.             |
| NZK.G4.C28 | Use a range of sentence structures   | simple, compound, complex  | To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.<br>To group together the word to their<br>compound word partner. |
| NZK.G4.C29 | Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences                | The boy watched the movie. / The little boy<br>watched the movie. / The action movie was<br>watched by the little boy. | To click on the connecting words in<br>the paragraph.<br>To add the most appropriate<br>connecting word to the sentence.          |
| NZK.G4.C30 | Identify and use opposite words  | positive / negative, profit / loss, sunny / cloudy   | To match the word to its antonym.<br>To unscramble the mixed up<br>sentence that uses an antonym.                                 |
| NZK.G4.C31 | Identify and use similar words   | love / adore, rise / climb, risk / chance  | To match the word to its synonym.<br>To unscramble the mixed up<br>sentence that uses a synonym.                                  |

| NZK.G4.C32 | Use rhyming words  | At the bottom of a lake / There once lived a snake.   | To match the rhyming words.<br>To unscramble the mixed up<br>rhyming words.   |
|------------|--|---|---|
| NZK.G4.C33 | Answer questions about unknown words                         |   | To work out the meaning of the unknown words in the paragraph.  |
| NZK.G4.C34 | Make inferences by reading between the lines of a story      |   | To make inferences about the story when reading the paragraph.  |
| NZK.G4.C35 | Answer questions about characters and events in a story      |   | To answer questions about characters and events in the story.   |
| NZK.G4.C36 | Turn adjectives into adverbs using the suffixly -<br>Level 2 | nicely, lively, lightly                               | To match the adverb to its antonym.<br>To match the definition to the<br>adverb.  |
| NZK.G4.C37 | Using imperative verbs in instruction writing                | put, mix, add, close                                  | To use imperatives to write an<br>instruction.<br>To pick out the imperatives from the<br>paragraph.                                      |
| NZK.G4.C38 | Use linking words in informative writing                     | whereas, even though, moreover                        | To unscramble the jumbled up<br>sentence that uses the linking word<br>To group the words into linking and<br>opinion words.              |
| NZK.G4.C39 | Learn vocabulary to use in opinion writing                   | I think, Firstly, Finally                             | To write a sentence using opinion<br>words.<br>To group together the evidence<br>opinion words and conclusion<br>opinion words.           |
| NZK.G4.C40 | Use a variety of interesting story openings                  | There once was, I woke up and, It all started         | To unscramble the mixed up<br>sentence that includes an opening<br>line.<br>To match the beginning and the<br>ending of the opening line. |
| NZK.G4.C41 | Add description to noun phrases by using adjectives          | The pond. / The quiet pond with murky water.          | To match each noun with its<br>description.<br>To pick the correct adjective that<br>describes the noun picture.                          |
| NZK.G4.C42 | Add the suffix –ly to an adjective to form an adverb         | foolish / foolishly, bad / badly, careful / carefully | To unscramble the mixed up adverb.  |

|            |   |  | To pick out the adverbs from the paragraph.  |
|------------|---|--|--|
| NZK.G4.C43 | Use frequently occurring action verbs                 | fumble, liquefy, craft                                     | To group the common verbs into categories.<br>To write a sentence using an action verb.  |
| NZK.G4.C44 | Use adjectives to describe places                     | the humid rainforest, the freezing Arctic, the busy street | To match each place to the<br>adjective it describes.<br>To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.        |
| NZK.G4.C45 | Use adjectives to describe people or animals          | the fuzzy tiger, the proud flamingo, the squawking chicken | To match the animal noun to the<br>adjective it describes.<br>To unscramble the mixed up<br>personality adjectives.              |
| NZK.G4.C46 | Learn new animal facts                                | A giraffe has four stomachs.                               | To unscramble the mixed up animal<br>facts.<br>To group together the facts about<br>animals.                                     |
| NZK.G4.C48 | Build reading comprehension skills                    |  | To read and place the words in the blank spaces of the paragraphs.   |
| NZK.G4.C49 | Correctly identify vocabulary                         |  | To correctly identify synonyms that match the same picture.  |
| NZK.G4.C50 | Vocabulary definition practice                        |  | To correctly identify the word that matches the picture.   |
| NZK.G4.C51 | Understand and use vocabulary about the Night Zoo     | Will Rivers, Night Zoo, Igloo City                         | To answer multiple choice questions<br>on the subject correctly.<br>To group together the words that<br>relate to the character. |
| NZK.G4.C52 | Use nouns and proper nouns in stories.                | elephant, Maji, giraffe                                    | To unscramble the mixed up<br>sentence to learn about the<br>character.<br>To fill in the proper nouns in the<br>paragraph.      |
| NZK.G4.C53 | Use words that can be grouped into the same category. | igloo, icy, freezing                                       | To sort the adjectives into categories.  |

| NZK.G4.C54 | Use different settings in stories | woods, cave, ocean | To unscramble the mixed up Night Zoo settings. |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|
|            |                                   |                    | 200 Settings.                                  |

| NZK Ref.  | Game Name                | Learning Goal   | Game Explanation   | Learning Outcome   |
|-----------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| NZK.G4.G1 | Volcano Word<br>Hop      | Identify words that are correctly spelled.                                    | Students work on their spelling skills by selecting the correctly spelled words on the volcano platforms before they sink into the lava.   | To increase confidence and accuracy when spelling common words.  |
| NZK.G4.G2 | Forest Word<br>Climb     | Identify and use similar words.   | The objective of the game is to help your animal climb as<br>high up the tree as possible by selecting the synonyms<br>that appear on the branches.  | To build and broaden vocabulary for use when writing a variety of text types.                                  |
| NZK.G4.G3 | Word Wings               | Spell common words correctly.   | In this game, children are challenged to spell words by collecting letters in the correct order.   | To increase confidence and accuracy when spelling common words.  |
| NZK.G4.G4 | Torch Type in<br>Nulth   | Develop proficient typing skills.   | Students develop their keyboard skills in this game by typing the words as they fall from the top of the screen.   | To increase speed and stamina when typing stories and reports.   |
| NZK.G4.G5 | Waterfall Word<br>Jumble | Construct sentences<br>using correct grammar.                                 | The objective of this game is to construct sentences<br>using the words available. Students collect the words as<br>they fall down the waterfall and need to place them in the<br>grammatically correct order to help their animal run<br>around the mountain. | To develop an understanding of grammatical structure when writing sentences.                                   |
| NZK.G4.G6 | Word Void<br>Wrecker     | Spell common words correctly.   | Children complete words by filling in the missing letters<br>that have been stolen by the void monster. The objective<br>is to spell as many words correctly as possible to defeat<br>the monster and send them back to Nulth.                                 | To increase confidence and accuracy when spelling common words.  |
| NZK.G4.G7 | Underwater<br>Word Hunt  | Identify verbs correctly.   | In 'Word Hunt', students need to correctly identify the verbs that are floating in the water in front of them. They score points of every verb collected.  | To gain an understanding of<br>grouping words into categories,<br>whilst also growing a broader<br>vocabulary. |
| NZK.G4.G8 | Sentence Dash            | Proof-read to check for<br>errors in punctuation,<br>spelling and grammar.    | In this live game, students compete against other users<br>to spot the mistakes in the sentences as quickly as<br>possible. The first player to 20 mistakes identified wins<br>the game.   | To develop skills in proof-reading in order to check draft work before publishing.                             |
| NZK.G4.G9 | Night Zoom               | Identify and use similar<br>and opposite words.<br>To identify rhyming words. | Night Zoom is a live racing game where children increase<br>the speed of their vehicle by answering quiz questions<br>correctly. They also score points for accuracy so it is not<br>all about answering quickly.  | To build and broaden vocabulary for<br>use when writing a variety of text<br>types.                            |

| NZK.G4.G10 | Night Zoo Card<br>Battles | Identify and use similar<br>and opposite words.<br>To identify rhyming words. | Night Zookeeper students collect points for their animals<br>by completing English Language Arts challenges. These<br>points are then used to help them increase their<br>performance in this game. They also answer quiz<br>questions relating to vocabulary. | To build and broaden vocabulary for<br>use when writing a variety of text<br>types. |
|------------|---------------------------|---|--|---|
| NZK.G4.G11 | Word Woods                | Identify and use similar and opposite words.                                  | This platform game challenges children to run through<br>the Whispering Woods with their animal answering<br>questions as they progress. The questions test their<br>knowledge of synonyms and antonyms.   | To build and broaden vocabulary for<br>use when writing a variety of text<br>types. |
| NZK.G4.G12 | Word Pairs                | Identify and use similar and opposite words.                                  | In this game, children use their memory and knowledge of synonyms & antonyms to find matching pairs of words.  | To build and broaden vocabulary for use when writing a variety of text types.       |

#### Night Zookeeper Printable Activity Packs

| NZK Ref. | Activity Pack Name                                 | Learning Goals  | Example Content   | Learning Outcome  |
|----------|--|---|---|---|
| NZK.AP1  | Storytelling and<br>Spelling with Electro<br>Spike | <ul> <li>Turn adjectives into adverbs using the suffix -ly.</li> <li>Use the /l/ sound spelt -le at the end of words.</li> <li>Use different settings in stories.</li> <li>Use the prefix un</li> <li>Structure a story using a beginning, middle, and end.</li> </ul>  | suffix -le: temple, castle<br>suffix -ian: electrician, magician<br>prefix un-: unwell, unlucky<br>suffix -ly: suddenly, slowly   | To write a story using the<br>story mountain structure,<br>adding prefixes and suffixes<br>to words to develop<br>characters and plot.                                    |
| NZK.AP2  | Writing Skills with<br>Sam                         | <ul> <li>Identify past and present tense verbs.</li> <li>Turn adjectives into adverbs using suffix -ly.</li> <li>Identify contractions.</li> <li>Use fronted adverbials in sentences.</li> <li>Use commas to create lists.</li> <li>Capitalize letters of proper nouns.</li> <li>Correctly place speech marks in a text.</li> </ul> | Past and present verbs: listens vs<br>listened, draws vs drew, explained<br>vs explains<br>Suffix -ly: quietly, kindly<br>Fronted adverbials: quickly,<br>thankfully<br>Contractions: would've. Can't<br>Capital letters: Christmas,<br>Florence, Wednesday | To write a story that uses<br>fronted adverbials, speech<br>marks, past tense and<br>commas.  |
| NZK.AP3  | Using Adjectives with<br>Night Zookeeper Will      | <ul> <li>Use adjectives to describe characters.</li> <li>Use sensory adjectives to describe places.</li> <li>Write a story using the adjectives learned.</li> </ul>   | Appearance: sparkly, beautiful<br>Shape: round, square<br>Actions: annoying, caring<br>Size: tiny, small<br>Sounds: quiet, loud<br>Quantity: few, couple  | To write a story using a variety of adjectives.   |
| NZK.AP4  | Using Adverbs with<br>Riya                         | <ul> <li>Turn adjectives into adverbs using the suffix -ly.</li> <li>To identify and use adverbs of time and place.</li> <li>To identify adverbs in a passage of text.</li> </ul>   | Suffix -ly: recklessly, thoughtfully<br>How: happily, gracefully<br>Where: nearby, outside<br>When: soon, yesterday   | To write a story using adverbs of time and place.   |
| NZK.AP5  | Poem Writing with<br>Riya                          | <ul> <li>Use the ABAB rhyme scheme.</li> <li>Identify adverbs used in a poem.</li> <li>Identify and write an acrostic poem.</li> <li>Finish the lines to form a limerick.</li> </ul>  | Rhyming words: half, calf<br>ABAB: sky, dark spy, bark  | To write a poem using what has been learned.  |
| NZK.AP6  | Describing Characters<br>with Maji                 | <ul> <li>Use adjectives to describe characters and places.</li> <li>Use dialogue to create a character's voice.</li> <li>Read character descriptions and answer comprehension questions.</li> <li>Illustrate characters and label their key features.</li> <li>Sort words into categories.</li> </ul>                               | Describing phrases: white tusks,<br>strong legs<br>Adjectives that describe<br>personality: friendly, fearless  | To describe characters<br>associated with particular<br>settings, using relevant<br>adjectives.<br>To write a character<br>description based upon the<br>content learned. |

| NZK.AP7  | Persuasive Writing<br>with the Penguin<br>Professor    | <ul> <li>Identify and use facts, statistics and opinions.</li> <li>Identify the conditional statements.</li> <li>Identify linking words that show time, cause and effect, and contrast.</li> <li>Use rhetorical questions in a paragraph.</li> </ul>    | Cause and effect linking words:<br>therefore, so<br>Linking words that show time:<br>eventually, finally<br>Linking words that show contrast:<br>however, but<br>Conditionals: If | To write a persuasive letter<br>including the key criteria<br>(facts and statistics,<br>rhetorical questions, linking<br>words, conditionals). |
|----------|--|---|---|--|
| NZK.AP8  | Speech Marks with<br>Grudge                            | <ul> <li>Use speech marks correctly.</li> <li>Identify action words used to describe speech.</li> <li>Use action words to create dynamic dialogue.</li> <li>Identify direct and indirect speech.</li> </ul>   | Speech verbs: laughed,<br>whispered, asked, replied,<br>mumbled, snapped, explained,<br>shouted   | To write a conversation<br>between characters using<br>speech marks  |
| NZK.AP9  | Explanation Writing<br>with Bertie Bee                 | <ul> <li>Use linking words to write an explanation.</li> <li>Identify cause and effect words in a piece of text.</li> <li>Use formal language in explanation texts.</li> <li>Read explanation texts and answer targeted questions correctly.</li> </ul> | Linking sentences: To begin with,<br>as a result<br>Cause and effect words:<br>consequently, therefore  | To write a detailed<br>explanation of how honey is<br>made.  |
| NZK.AP10 | Using Figurative<br>Language with<br>Florence Flamingo | <ul> <li>Identify and use similes correctly.</li> <li>Identify metaphors and understand their meaning.</li> <li>Identify onomatopoeic words.</li> <li>Identify and use personification correctly.</li> </ul>  | Similes: As brave as a lion.<br>Metaphors: The classroom was a<br>zoo.<br>Personification: My bed is calling<br>my name.<br>Onomatopoeia: The door slowly<br>creaked open.        | To write a story using the figurative language explained.  |
| NZK.AP11 | Writing Reports with<br>the Sea Lion General           | <ul> <li>Identify the features of a good report.</li> <li>Match the correct subheadings to the paragraphs.</li> <li>Use the correct tense in a report.</li> <li>Write titles for reports.</li> <li>Use paragraphs correctly.</li> </ul>                 | Present tense words: eat, use<br>Vocabulary: diet, habitat,<br>appearance, omnivore, herbivore,<br>carnivore.   | To write a report using an introduction and subheadings.   |
| NZK.AP12 | Writing Instructions<br>with Eek the<br>Eskimouse      | <ul> <li>Identify verbs in a set of instructions.</li> <li>Sort instructions into chronological order.</li> <li>Add imperative verbs to instructional sentences.</li> </ul>   | Verbs: stir, put, walk,<br>Adverbs: carefully, slowly, quickly  | To write a set of instructions<br>using verbs to tell the reader<br>what to do and adverbs to tell<br>the reader how to do it.                 |
| NZK.AP13 | Orblympics - Activity<br>Pack                          | <ul> <li>Use linking words to write compound sentences.</li> <li>Create labelled diagrams to support<br/>explanations.</li> <li>Identify adjectives and use them correctly.</li> </ul>  | Adjectives: fast, speedy, swift,<br>rapid, quick<br>: and, also, because  | To write sentences using<br>specific adjectives.<br>To write a story with a<br>beginning, middle and end.                                      |

|          |                                    | - Structure a story including a beginning, middle and end.   |   | To invent a new character and write a report about it.  |
|----------|------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| NZK.AP14 | Opinion Writing with<br>Ninja Leaf | <ul> <li>-Identify the features of a good opinion piece.</li> <li>-Identify facts and opinions.</li> <li>-Match opinions with linking words and reasons.</li> <li>-Give reasons to support opinions.</li> <li>-Use linking words to connect opinions and reasons.</li> <li>-Add supporting details to reasons in opinion writing.</li> </ul> | Linking words: because, for<br>example, also, therefore, and<br>Adjectives: shady, restful,<br>reassuring, peaceful, quiet<br>Opinion openers: I think, I<br>believe, In my opinion, I feel | To write facts based on an<br>image.<br>To write sentences giving<br>reasons for an opinion using<br>adjectives.<br>To state an opinion on a given<br>topic.<br>To write an opinion piece on a<br>given topic giving reasons,<br>supporting details, and a<br>concluding statement. |

| NZK Ref. | Activity Pack Name   | Learning Goals  | Example Content   | Learning Outcome  |
|----------|--|---|---|---|
| NZK.B1AP | The Giraffes of<br>Whispering Woods -<br>Reading Activity Pack | <ul> <li>Read a text with fluency, intonation and accuracy.</li> <li>Identify descriptive adverbs.</li> <li>Identify facts about characters in a story and pick out reasonings based upon sentences in a text.</li> <li>Use adjectives within a text.</li> <li>Identify different characters and understand their role in a story.</li> </ul>                               | Vocabulary: symbol, magical,<br>glowing,trap, teleport, explore<br>Adverbs: carefully, firmly,<br>powerfully<br>Adjectives: strong, brave, dark   | <ul> <li>To answer comprehension questions based on a text.</li> <li>To write a narrative using characters from a story.</li> <li>To write explanation texts.</li> <li>To write in full sentences when answering questions about a text.</li> </ul>   |
| NZK.B2AP | The Fire Desert -<br>Reading Activity Pack                     | <ul> <li>Read a text with fluency, intonation and accuracy.</li> <li>Identify facts about characters and objects in the text.</li> <li>Place a series of events in chronological order.</li> <li>Draw inferences from a passage of a text.</li> <li>Identify adjectives used to describe characters.</li> <li>Use evidence from a text when answering questions.</li> </ul> | Vocabulary: lake, fangs, tar,<br>distract<br>Speech verbs: cried, snapped,<br>asked<br>Alliteration: perfectly prickly,<br>leaping lizards<br>Adjectives: croaky, young, bright,<br>terrible  | <ul> <li>To answer comprehension questions based on a text.</li> <li>To write a narrative using characters from a story.</li> <li>To write descriptions of characters using adjectives.</li> <li>To order the events in a story.</li> <li>To write a letter from the point of view of a character.</li> </ul> |
| NZK.B3AP | The Penguins of Igloo<br>City - Reading Activity<br>Pack       | <ul> <li>Read a text with fluency, intonation and accuracy.</li> <li>Identify antonyms and synonyms for specific words.</li> <li>Identify and use rhyming words in poetry.</li> <li>Identify and use speech verbs.</li> <li>Place events in chronological order.</li> <li>To find specific words and sentences in a text.</li> </ul>  | Adjectives: hot, comforting,<br>luxurious,<br>Rhyming words: snow, dough,<br>blow, show, know<br>Speech verbs: replied, muttered,<br>shouted, screamed<br>Opinion words: I think, I believe, in<br>my opinion<br>Synonyms: gloomy, dark, silent,<br>quiet | <ul> <li>To answer comprehension questions based on a text.</li> <li>To write a narrative using characters from a story.</li> <li>To write a letter from the point of view of a character.</li> <li>To write a newspaper article.</li> <li>To write an opinion piece based on a text.</li> </ul>              |
| NZK.B4AP | The Elephant of Tusk<br>Temple - Reading<br>Activity Pack      | Coming Soon   |   |   |
| NZK.B5AP | The Bear of Flying<br>Mountain - Reading<br>Activity Pack      | Coming Soon   |   |   |